The Nuremburg Trials Were Kangaroo Court Trials

From page 2 (Section 2, a & b) and page 3 of Erhard Milch's spoken statement, sworn and notarized on 9 April 1947.

Generalfeldmarschall Erhard Milch

In this connection I would also like to convey the following facts: On 17 September 1945, Major Emery, an interrogator from England, whom I already knew as he was known in England, or "Englishman", as he was known in Germany, sought me in my quarters in the Kaufbeuren



Interrogation Compound. I suppose that his real name is different. He was, as he had once (t)old me, a New York banker. He commanded the American interrogation **group** to which a Capt. Tracy (also a cover name, most likely) also belonged. The American interrogation group was located in the English interrogation compound of Camp 7. Mr. Emery asked me about my ancestry, meaning that if I were of Jewish ancestry, be would be able to remove me from all further prosecution. As I informed him that his supposition was not pertinent, he thought that be could not change things. The same gentleman visited me in Nuremberg on 5 November 1945, as I was just being questioned by an American interrogator. By chance I heard that it was a Major Mohagan (?). After a short conference, Emery Mohagan asked that we be left alone. Emery then said to me that if I were to make more favorable statements on behalf of Göring, Speer and the other accused in the International Military Tribunal, I must myself reckon with a war crimes trial against me. I replied that I took part in no war crimes and I could not see

how I could be tried. Emery answered: "That is a small matter. If we wish, we could try every German, regardless if he committed crimes or not. Why do you want to stand up for Göring, Speer et al.? They would not do it for you, and I shall give you some good advice: It is in your own interests to testify against these people." I replied that I could only tell the truth and that my person played no role in this matter, and that I did not fear a trial. Emery answered: "You must consider that you are still young, that you can again play a role, and that you must think of your family."

Naturally I refused his offer, even if it were well-intended. With that he concluded that he could no longer be of any assistance. In this instant I knew that they would attempt to start a war crimes trial against me. I have also brought this matter to the attention of several comrades in Nuremberg as well as in Dachau, and also to the Swiss representative of The International Red Cross in Geneva, at that time.

(signed) Erhard Milch

The above signature of Erhard Milch, given at the Nuremberg Justice Building, before Attorney Dr. Friedrich Bergold, is hereby attested and witnessed by me.

Nuremberg, 9 April 1947 (signed) Dr. Friedrich Bergold Defence Attorney for Military Tribunal II Nuremberg

The above is an all-important document proving clearly how brutal and unjust the Allies and their mostly Jewish trial specialists were in laying trumped up charges against German leaders.

Translated from the German by E. Thomson

Nuremberg Trial Proceedings Vol. 12

ONE HUNDRED AND EIGHTEENTH DAY Wednesday, 1 May 1946, *Morning Session*

[the only reference to mysterious "Emery" in the show trials]

Number 22 is a Belgian decree of 1937 dealing with the possible evacuation of the civil population in time of war.

Number 39 is a French document of the Middle East.

Numbers 63 and 64 are **two speeches, one by Mr. Emery** and another by Mr. Churchill, dealing with the position in Greece at the end of 1940, some two months after the beginning of the Italian campaign against Greece.

NUREMBURG DEFENSE ATTORNEY, ERHARD MILCH, BEATEN AND ROBBED BY ALLIES

Herman van Houten June 15th, 2008, 08:46 AM August 20th, 1986

Dear Sir,

SINCE Field Marshal Erhard Milch is dead may **I** as his authorized biographer (Weidenfeld & Nicolson, 1971) comment on your story (Aug.20) that upon seeing the "corpses of concentration camp prisoners massacred by the retreating Germans," [where supposedly] Milch remarked: "After all they are only Poles and Jews."

Milch was the founder of Lufthansa, and Hermann Goering's deputy. In 1944 he was invalided [injured] by a car crash. Having surrendered to Scots troops he was turned over to a British Commando unit near Neustadt. His diary of May 4, 1945 describes: "Robbed. Cowardly maltreatment by British brigadier-general of Commandos..."

While an army camera filmed the scene and commandos trained tommy-guns on the invalid this vengeful general had strutted in, seized the field marshal's silver knobbed "interim baton" and whipped him until his skull fractured and the baton broke in two. (Peter Ustinov describes in his memoirs seeing the secret newsreel film.) The brigadier then resumed the onslaught with an empty champagne bottle, and stole the baton.

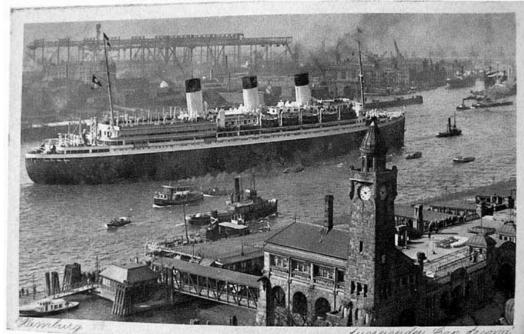
Milch's diary the next day states:

"Driven back to Sierhagen. . . Among other things plundered are golden marshal's baton, gold cigarette case, gold Glashütte watch, gold wristwatch, two silver wristwatches, clothes, etc. Women were robbed with pistol held at their breast. Driven back to Lüneburg."

I identified the general [who did the robbery and beating] as Brigadier Derek Mills-Roberts,



DSO. His staff confirmed it to me but, ashamed at the whipping episode, **tried to link Milch with the corpses of "concentration camp prisoners" found littering the shore.** In fact these prisoners had been evacuated to three liners anchored in the bay, including the Cap Arcona; **a single British aircraft had sunk them the day before despite their Red Cross flags, drowning 7,000 passengers**; their mass grave is still marked by a memorial on the beach at Neustadt (*LEFT*). (*Note K-Z on the marker, designating "Concentration Camp" and "7,000"*)



(LEFT) The Cap Arconia ship. The sinking of this ship's convoy (also the Athen and the Thielbek), with their 7,000 dead, are but one British contribution to the Holocaust.

Writing the Milch biography, in 1967 I put the whipping episode to Mills-Roberts. Although he had once admitted it to a mutual publisher friend [William Kimber] he now denied it and threatened to sue. Weidenfeld's refrained from identifying him on lawyers' advice.

Evidently the late brigadier was both a liar and a thief, since he not only did beat his captive unconscious but stole the proof of it - the broken silver knobbed baton -- in breach of the Hague Rules and the Geneva Convention, and concealed it at home.

That his daughter is now offering this looted relic for cash, instead of returning it with apologies to the field marshal's family as happened with the marshal's gold baton shortly before his death can only bring further shame on the British army.



Brigadier Derek Mills-Roberts

Yours faithfully,

David Irving

NUREMBURG TRANSCRIPTS PARTLY FALSIFIED

Herman van Houten June 15th, 2008, 08:50 AM Download the book (or buy it, preferably) here: http://fpp.co.uk/books/Milch/index.html

David Irving recalls something of the history of this book:

AFTER I embarked on my research for the Hitler biography Hitler's War, in the mid 1960s, I invested a lot of time and effort in tracking down the surviving high ranking officers and their families. It became evident, as I read the Nuremberg interrogation reports on Field Marshal Erhard Milch, that he had kept voluminous diaries.

. . .

The transcripts are in my collection, the Sammlung Irving, at the Institut für Zeitgeschichte.

• • •

The research was not without incident. Alerted by comments in Milch's Nuremberg diaries, in 1969 I went to the National Archives to compare the sound recordings of the Nuremberg trial testimony with what appeared in the famous blue volumes of the Trials. There were such shocking discrepancies and obvious manipulations that I decided never again to trust the IMT volumes as a source, and I recommended others not to. In November 2000 the National Archives revealed in a press release that Robert Kempner, Milch's persecutor at Nuremberg, had asked the FBI to have me watched in case I destroyed the IMT recordings.

THE German edition is slightly different from the British/American; the latter carries more of the postwar story of Milch's career, and of his 1947 trial at Nuremberg which ended with a life sentence; he served about ten years in Landsberg prison. But the German edition of course has the original language of the quotations from his documents (which included about seventy volumes of verbatim records of his German Air Ministry conferences 1942-1944. These volumes I also roughly catalogued and indexed for other researchers: my index is in the Institut für Zeitgeschichte).

The "Human Skin Lampshades" and "Nazi Shrunken Heads": Faked Psyop - "Evidence" Presented at Nuremberg

http://thy-weapon-of-war.blogspot.com/2009/10/nazi-shrunken-heads-at-nuremberg-trials.html

http://1.bp.blogspot.com/_Cx5YSp-ghS8/SstPpGZrdyI/AAAAAAAAACzw/VQHzn5ZTcc0/s320/Buchenwald-Lampshade-ShrunkenHeads.jpg

The infamous **faked display table at Buchenwald with shrunken heads and "human skin lampshade"** http://1.bp.blogspot.com/_Cx5YSp-ghS8/SstQM3P0h0I/AAAAAAAACz4/A-7RW8_3Q98/s320/Nazi-Shrunken-Heads.jpg

Origin of the "evidence" - Albert G. Rosenberg of the Allied "Psychological Warfare Division"

Albert G. Rosenberg, The American Lieutenant in charge of documenting Buchenwald (where the shrunken heads came from), was from the Psychological Warfare Division of the Allied Forces.

"Psychological Warfare Division." That's a strange name for a department that's going to document a concentration camp for future generations isn't it? The Lieutenant in the PWD was Albert G. Rosenberg. Even though he was only in his late 20's at the time, he had a rare special pass called a "SHAEF Pass", which gave him the power to confiscate the posh villa belonging to Baldur Von Schirach, who had been the wartime mayor of Vienna and also the leader of the Hitler Youth. Rosenberg lived in the villa with 12-15 former Buchenwald inmates and the team wrote-up a documentation of the camp. Most of the former inmates were communists, led by a non-communist Austrian Catholic named Eugen Kogon. Kogon compiled the report while Albert Rosenberg supervised the overall project. One could say that the documentation of Buchenwald is largely a story of liberated communists working in a posh villa, under the supervision of a Jewish Psychological Warfare Division Lieutenant who had emigrated to the USA from Germany just seven years earlier. Objectivity you can count on. http://www.whale.to/b/nazi_shrunken_heads.html

Shrunken Head and Human Skin Lampshade "Evidence" Presented at Nuremberg

From a Transcript of the Nuremberg Trial Proceedings via Yale Law School (see approx. 60% down page for excerpts below, following section numbers for 514 and 515) http://avalon.law.yale.edu/imt/12-13-45.asp

Nuremberg Trial Proceedings Volume 3

NINETEENTH DAY Thursday, 13 December 1945

Morning Session

[...]

514

13 Dec. 45

The corpses were then turned over to the pathological department where the desired pieces of tattooed skin were detached from the bodies and treated. The finished products were turned over

to SS Standartenfuehrer Koch's wife, who had them fashioned into lamp shades and other ornamental household articles, I myself saw such tattooed skins with various designs and legends on them, such as "Hansel and Gretel," which one prisoner had on his knee, and designs of ships from prisoners' chests. This work was done by a prisoner named Wernerbach."

[...]

515

13 Dec. 45

We do not wish to dwell on this pathological phase of the Nazi culture; but we do feel compelled to offer one additional exhibit, which we over as Exhibit Number USA-254. This exhibit, which is on the table, is a human head with the skull bone removed, shrunken, stuffed, and preserved. The Nazis had one of their many victims decapitated, after having had him hanged, apparently for fraternizing with a German woman, and fashioned this terrible ornament from his head.

The last paragraph of the official United States Army report from which I have just read deals with the manner in which this exhibit was acquired. It reads as follows:

"There I also saw the shrunken heads of two young Poles who had been hanged for having relations with German girls. The heads were the size of a fist, and the hair and the marks of the rope were still there."

So Who is Albert G. Rosenberg?

The American Lieutenant in charge of documenting Buchenwald (where the shrunken heads came from) was from the Psychological Warfare Division of the Allied Forces. Albert G. Rosenberg was Jewish, born and raised in Germany. He had recently become an American.

"Psychological Warfare Division." That's a strange name for a department that's going to document a concentration camp for future generations isn't it? **The Lieutenant in the PWD was Albert G. Rosenberg**. Even though he was only in his late 20's at the time, he



had a rare special pass called a "SHAEF Pass", which gave him the power to confiscate the posh villa belonging to Baldur Von Schirach, who had been the wartime mayor of Vienna and also the leader of the Hitler Youth. Rosenberg lived in the villa with 12-15 former Buchenwald inmates and the team wrote-up a documentation of the camp. Most of the former inmates were communists, led by a non-communist Austrian Catholic named Eugen Kogon. Kogon compiled the report while Albert Rosenberg supervised the overall project. One could say that the documentation of Buchenwald is largely a story of liberated communists working in a posh villa,

under the supervision of a Jewish Psychological Warfare Division Lieutenant who had emigrated to the USA from Germany just seven years earlier. Objectivity you can count on.

After this project, Albert Rosenberg confiscated a German suburban house for Eugen Kogon and his family to live in, so that Kogon could write a book on his personal experiences at Buchenwald. The Psychological Warfare Division, which by now had made the Orwellian move to change it's name to "Information Control" wanted this book to be read by the German population. The book, called "Der SS-Staat, is still the standard work for Buchenwald. In my June 2007, 2-hour phone conversation with the elderly Albert G. Rosenberg, he told me that Kogon could have become Chancellor of Germany instead of Konrad Adenaur, (something about Kogon knowing a "Cardinal Pacelli" and how that was a good thing.) but one was more right and the other more center, and Adenauer ended up becoming Chancellor. Months later out of curiosity I looked up Cardinal Pacelli on Wikipedia and saw he became Pope Pius XII in 1939.

That would have been interesting though: Psych Warfare changes it's name to "Information Control" and promotes Kogon to become the head of Modernist Germany. It would have been 1984 in 1954.

Much of the above is documented in University of Texas, El Paso Professor David A. Hackett's book, The Buchenwald Report. Published in 1995. <u>Nazi Shrunken Heads</u>

[2009] El Paso man collected evidence at Nazi concentration camp Buchenwald Rosenberg never learned whether the Buchenwald report was declassified. But he learned that **the original copy of the report was kept at a National Archives depository in Virginia**, in box 149, **before a fire in the 1970s destroyed it.** All copies of the report were thought to have disappeared until Rosenberg resurfaced with his. In 1995, the testimonies and evidence he collected were translated from German to English and published in a book,"The Buchenwald Report," by David Hackett.

The internet video <u>Buchenwald</u>: A <u>Dumb Dumb Portrayal of Evil</u> (2008) makes the assertion that Psyche Warfare planted evidence at Buchenwald. Seeing Things by John Ellis (published by I.B. Taurus in 2000) mentions Billy Wilder forcing German audiences to watch footage of Buchenwald in order to receive bread rations. The movie <u>Buchenwald</u>: A <u>Dumb Dumb Portrayal</u> <u>Of Evil</u> Episode 2 points out that Wilder is actually in the Buchenwald footage, helping to direct. <u>Buchenwald Flyer Sources</u>

To my knowledge, every item on the Buchenwald table is now missing except the PhD dissertation, and that's because Albert G. Rosenberg took it home with him.

Karl Koch trial judgment and transcript have disappeared.

<u>The Nazis themselves</u> executed Karl Koch in front of the Buchenwald inmates, but not for anything involving shrunken heads, lampshades, or tattooed skin, but rather because Koch had a few people killed. In the Nuremberg transcript on page 199, on 1/14/46 we see that Dodd's staff has talked to the SS Judge who convicted Koch, Konrad Morgen. Dodd doesn't mention that his staff talked to Morgen at Dachau where the Americans had imprisoned him. Dodd then lies about Morgen seeing skin, heads, and lampshades as a way to "save face" for his own

presentation of the shrunken head. Then on page 200, a German lawyer, Dr. Kurt Kauffmann tries to get the Karl Koch trial documents, and the judge states that it's up to Kauffmann to get these documents himself, but the German lawyers didn't have access to documents in archives, or to Morgen in the same way that the allied prosecution teams did. See page 482 in the transcript The German lawyers weren't even able to find out that Morgen was currently in Dachau, let alone ask him for a copy of the Karl Koch judgment. Also Konrad Morgen told John Toland in 1971 that the Americans almost killed him for not saying he'd seen heads and tattooed skin but Morgen still refused to lie. The source is David Irving's free online book "Nuremberg, The Last Battle" page 222 and 223 where Irving went into the Roosevelt Library and read John Toland's 1971 Konrad Morgen interview notes. If the Americans jailed Morgen and tried to coerce him to lie, and even hid him for a time from the German defense lawyers (Dodd knew where he was but the German defense lawyers didn't), then is it conceivable that the American prosecution team would destroy the Karl Koch Trial judgement which Morgen wrote? As well as the trial transcripts? Yes. And these documents are nowhere to be found today. Nazi Shrunken Heads

Among other things, I wanted to ask him about the table. **How did the table with the heads and skins come about?** He told me his answer: "When he arrived at Buchenwald the table was already set up, and it had been set-up by the prisoners." He later mentioned that the prisoners had a self-governing structure, and their leaders were communists. I actually don't believe the prisoners set up the table. I think Psyche Warfare set up the table, but not Rosenberg -- He was too low in the Psyche Warfare hierarchy and got to Buchenwald too late. David Hackett's introduction to The Buchenwald Report (pg. 15) states that Rosenberg arrived at Buchenwald on the 16th. That is the day the German tour took place, and the table was filmed with Billy Wilder directing the footage. But as was discovered by another researcher, we do know that Albert G. Rosenberg is the man who is speaking to the Germans on their forced tour of the camp. The researcher discovered a passage written by a Buchenwald inmate and author Jorge Semprun in his book, Literature or Life. Semprun had written this book many years later, and has mistakenly remembered Rosenberg as Rosenfeld. Nazi Shrunken Heads

Professor David A. Hackett has in his possession a 50-page dissertation on the subject of how criminality relates to tattoos. It was written by a German camp doctor on the Buchenwald camp



premises, around 1939-'40

Of all the table items above, I believe that David Hackett has the only remaining object. He has the dissertation, because Albert G. Rosenberg gave it

to him.

In a phone conversation, and before I told him I was a denier (he won't respond to me now) Professor David A. Hackett, the translator of "The Buchenwald Report" told me that among all the papers that Rosenberg gave him around 40 to 50 years after the war, was this dissertation, written by a German doctor who was studying a perceived connection between criminality and tattoos. (Common criminals were a significant part of the inmate population at Buchenwald.) Hackett told me that he'd read the dissertation and it was of really poor-quality scholarship.

But consider that the dissertation is a piece of withheld evidence. Ilse Koch's lawyers would have liked to have known about it. Afterall, it could have helped exonerate Koch from the incredibly cruel charges that she made lampshades out of human skin. Her lawyers could have offered an alternate explanation, using the dissertation to bolster the notion that tattooed skin was at the camp because a student had been studying the skin. Similarly, the Nuremberg defendants' lawyers would have also wanted to see it, since they could have used it to offer an explanation as to why tattooed skin was found at Buchenwald. [Editor's note – it is considered religiously unlawful among observant Jews to mark their skin, or to have tattoos. Therefore such items, if they ever existed, would not have been from Jewish persons.] The Germans' lawyers probably never knew the dissertation existed.

During various trials, Rosenberg had this evidence and withheld it.

Does the dissertation mention anything about tribalism? Hackett won't answer my emails.

The dissertation is the only thing on the table that is known to be in existence today. Rosenberg gave it to Hackett in the 1980's or 1990's and Hackett currently possesses it. In my nearly two-hour phone conversation with Rosenberg, he told me that he "burned half of the reports" he had lying around from his days in Psych Warfare. Did he also get rid of things like the "human pelvis ashtray"? One wonders.

Imagine this withheld piece of evidence, in trials where people were sentenced to death long ago in Germany, probably sitting in the bottom of some box in some garage in El Paso, Texas; as kids ride their Razor scooters by on the hot asphalt street out in front.

It would be helpful if Professor Hackett could use a digital camera, and take photos of the pages of the dissertation and put them on his website so that others can take a look at this German language document Nazi Shrunken Heads

SO IT IS ESTABLISHED:

- 1 The Nuremburg trials were kangaroo court trials.
- 2 The interrogations (and hence the evidence produced) were controlled by a New York banker (!)
- 3 The New York banker Mr. Emery successfully avoided being officially identified, despite his crucial role.
- 4 The Nuremburg trials were race/religion trials as well as show trials.
- 5 The "International Military Tribunal" books, taken to be authoritative history, are in part falsified.